Permit Fact Sheet

** This permit was modified to extend the sludge monitoring requirements and frequency from once per permit term to annually each year. The modified sections below are highlighted in gray.**

General Information

Permit Number:	WI-0060763-09-0		
Permittee Name:	VILLAGE OF LONE RO	OCK	
Address:	P O Box 78		
	458 South Tamarack Stre	eet	
City/State/Zip:	Lone Rock WI 53556		
Discharge Location:	SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Section	on 12, T8N-R2E, Buena Vista Township	
Receiving Water:	Groundwaters of the Lower Wisconsin River Basin (Bear Creek, LW14) in Richland County		
StreamFlow (Q _{7,10}):	NA		
Stream Classification:	NA		
Design Flow(s)	Annual Average	0.057 MGD	
Significant Industrial Loading?	None		
Operator at Proper Grade?	Yes, Basic facility with Subclass A4 requirement.		
Approved Pretreatment Program?	NA		

Facility Description

The Village of Lone Rock owns and operates the Lone Rock Wastewater Treatment Facility with an annual average design flow of 0.057 million gallons per day (MGD). The facility serves a population of approximately 1,000 and currently receives approximately 0.050 MGD of domestic wastewater for treatment. Treatment consists of two aerated lagoons operated in series followed by an effluent holding pond, with treated effluent discharged to either of two effluent seepage areas covering an area of about two acres. The discharge is rotated between four distinct areas of the two seepage cells. Four groundwater monitoring wells around the site are monitored quarterly. Due to the proximity of sloughs of the Wisconsin River in the direction of groundwater flow from the facility, the effluent discharge is considered an indirect surface water discharge. The permittee has been found to be in substantial compliance with the terms of its current permit.

The attached Groundwater Evaluation and Exceedance Report by Alan Hopfensperger for this permit reissuance dated September 30, 2019 contains additional information regarding this discharge to the groundwaters of the Lower Wisconsin River Basin.

	Sample Point Designation					
Sample Point Number	Discharge Flow, Units, and Averaging Period	Sample Point Location, Waste Type/sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)				
701	.052 MGD Average (7/1/2014 - 6/30/2019) Highest Annual average 2017052 MGD	Representative influent samples shall be collected using a 24-Hr flow proportional composite sampler with an intake located in the wet well, after the influent flow meter and comminutor.				
001	.052 MGD Average (7/1/2014 - 6/30/2019) Highest Annual average 2017053 MGD	Representative effluent grab samples shall be collected from the manhole prior to discharging to the seepage cells.				
002	Ponds and Lagoons—sludge not removed	Representative composite sludge samples shall be collected from ponds #1 and #2 in 2021 and monitored for List 1 and PCBs.				

	Sample Point Designation For Groundwater Monitoring Systems					
System	Sample Pt Number	Well Name	Comments			
seepage cell monitoring system	801	MW-1 (801) BACKGROUND WELL				
	802	MW-2 (802) DOWNGRADIENT WELL				
	803	MW-1A (803) DOWNGRADIENT WELL				
	804	MW-2A (804) DOWNGRADIENT WELL				

Influent - Proposed Monitoring

Sample Point Number: 701- INFLUENT

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes	
Flow Rate		MGD	Continuous	Continuous		

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes	
BOD5, Total		mg/L	Weekly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
Suspended Solids, Total		mg/L	Weekly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		mg/L	Monthly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		
Nitrogen, Organic Total		mg/L	Monthly	Calculated		
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3-N) Total		mg/L	Monthly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp		

Changes from Previous Permit:

The sampling frequency for BOD and TSS was increased from 2/month to weekly.

Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements

Standard influent monitoring requirements for a minor municipal land treatment system.

Due to the numerous BOD5 exceedances over the past five years, increasing the sampling frequency to at least weekly for BOD and TSS parameters is recommended. This is intended to provide a more accurate measure of the loadings and treatment over time.

1 Land Treatment – Proposed Monitoring and Limitations

Sample Point Number: 001- EFFLUENT @ WET WELL

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes	
Flow Rate		MGD	Continuous	Continuous	See section 2.2.1.2 below.	
BOD5, Total	Monthly Avg	50 mg/L	Weekly	Grab		
Suspended Solids, Total		mg/L	Weekly	Grab		
pH Field		su	Weekly	Grab		
Nitrogen, Organic Total		mg/L	Monthly	Calculated		
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3-N) Total		mg/L	Monthly	Grab		
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		mg/L	Monthly	Grab		

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes		
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate Total		mg/L	Monthly	Grab			
Nitrogen, Total		mg/L	Monthly	Calculated			
Solids, Total Dissolved		mg/L	Monthly	Grab			
Chloride		mg/L	Monthly	Grab			
Zone Used		Number	Daily	Numeric Description	Report the zone of the seepage cell loaded each day. See subsection 2.2.1.4 for special reporting instructions.		

Changes from Previous Permit:

The sampling frequency for BOD and TSS was increased from 2/month to weekly. Reporting for the zone loaded each day was added to the monitoring requirements.

Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements

Due to the numerous BOD5 exceedances over the past five years, increasing the sampling frequency to at least weekly for BOD and TSS parameters is recommended. This is intended to provide a more accurate measure of the loadings and treatment over time. Standard effluent monitoring requirements for a minor municipal land treatments system. Requirements for land treatment of municipal wastewater are determined in accordance with ch. NR 206, Wis.

Zone reporting was added for the purposes of verifying and evaluating the reasons for the fluctuating groundwater PAL exceedances in MW-2. Monitoring for zone use was added to the permit so the facility reports the discharge zones being used each day (Seepage Cell 1 North, Seepage Cell 1 South, Seepage Cell 2 West and Seepage Cell 2 East) in the electronic discharge monitoring reports. Zones were assigned as follows:

	Zone Descriptions
Zone 1	Seepage Cell #1 North Area
Zone 2	Seepage Cell #1 South Area
Zone 3	Seepage Cell #2 West Area
Zone 4	Seepage Cell #2 East Area

2 Groundwater – Proposed Monitoring and Limitations

2.1 Groundwater Monitoring System for seepage cell monitoring system

Location of Monitoring system: SWO, NWO, SEC 12, T8N, R2E, BUENA VISTA TWP

Wells to be Monitored: MW-1 (801) BACKGROUND WELL, MW-2 (802) DOWNGRADIENT WELL, MW-1A (803) DOWNGRADIENT WELL, MW-2A (804) DOWNGRADIENT WELL

Well Used To Calculate PALs: 801 Enforcement Standard Wells: None

Parameter	Units	Preventative Action Limit	Enforcement Standard	Frequency
Depth To Groundwater	feet	****	N/A	Quarterly
Groundwater Elevation	feet	****	N/A	Quarterly
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate (as N) Dissolved	mg/L	3.2	N/A	Quarterly
Chloride Dissolved	mg/L	140	N/A	Quarterly
pH Field	su	8.5	N/A	Quarterly
Nitrogen, Ammonia Dissolved	mg/L	0.97	N/A	Quarterly
Nitrogen, Organic Dissolved	mg/L	2.3	N/A	Quarterly
Solids, Total Dissolved	mg/L	280	N/A	Quarterly

Changes from Previous Permit:

Alternative Concentration Limit (ACL) for Nitrite + Nitrate was 5.1 mg/L during the previous permit term; recalculated ACL will be 3.2 mg/L for the reissued permit. A new Alternative Concentration Limit (ACL) was calculated for the Chloride preventative action limit and will be 140 mg/L in the reissued permit. Preventive Action Limits (PALs) recalculated for: pH remains a range of 6.5 s.u. to 8.5 s.u; and Organic Nitrogen (was 8.0 mg/L and now 2.3 mg/L).

Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements

Groundwater limits and requirements are determined in accordance with ch. NR 140, Wis. Adm. Code. Enforcement Standards do not apply at this site because the groundwater discharge plume flows into surface water before reaching the discharge site point of standards application. See section 3.1.1.4 in the permit for further discussion. Indicator parameter Preventive Action Limit (PAL) values are established per s. NR 140.20, Wis. Adm. Code. Alternative Concentration Limits as allowed under s. NR 140.28, Wis. Adm. Code, are established on a case by case basis. The determination of the ACLs are included in the attached Groundwater Evaluation and Exceedence Report for the Lone Rock WWTF.

3 Land Application - Proposed Monitoring and Limitations

Municipal Sludge Description							
Sample Point	Sludge Class (A or B)	Sludge Type (Liquid or Cake)	Pathogen Reduction Method	Vector Attraction Method	Reuse Option	Amount Reused/Dis posed (Dry Tons/Year)	
002	В	Liquid	Fecal Coliform	Injection or Incorporatio n	Land Application		
Does sludge management demonstrate compliance? Yes							
Is additional	sludge storage re	equired? No					

Municipal Sludge Description							
Sample Point	Sludge Class (A or B)	Sludge Type (Liquid or Cake)	Pathogen Reduction Method	Vector Attraction Method	Reuse Option	Amount Reused/Dis posed (Dry Tons/Year)	

Is Radium-226 present in the water supply at a level greater than 2 pCi/liter? No

If yes, special monitoring and recycling conditions will be included in the permit to track any potential problems in land applying sludge from this facility

Is a priority pollutant scan required? NA

Priority pollutant scans are required once every 10 years at facilities with design flows between 5 MGD and 40 MGD, and once every 5 years if design flow is greater than 40 MGD.

Sample Point Number: 002- LAGOON SLUDGE

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes	
Solids, Total		Percent	Annual	Composite		
Arsenic Dry Wt	Ceiling	75 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Arsenic Dry Wt	High Quality	41 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Cadmium Dry Wt	Ceiling	85 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Cadmium Dry Wt	High Quality	39 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Copper Dry Wt	Ceiling	4,300 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Copper Dry Wt	High Quality	1,500 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Lead Dry Wt	Ceiling	840 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Lead Dry Wt	High Quality	300 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Mercury Dry Wt	Ceiling	57 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Mercury Dry Wt	High Quality	17 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Molybdenum Dry Wt	Ceiling	75 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Nickel Dry Wt	Ceiling	420 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Nickel Dry Wt	High Quality	420 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Selenium Dry Wt	Ceiling	100 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Selenium Dry Wt	High Quality	100 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		
Zinc Dry Wt	Ceiling	7,500 mg/kg	Annual	Composite		

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations							
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes		
Zinc Dry Wt	High Quality	2,800 mg/kg	Annual	Composite			
PCB Total Dry Wt	Ceiling	50 mg/kg	Annual	Composite			
PCB Total Dry Wt	High Quality	10 mg/kg	Annual	Composite			

Changes from Previous Permit:

Sludge monitoring parameters and frequency are now annual.

Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements

Requirements for land application of municipal sludge are determined in accordance with ch. NR 204 Wis. Adm. Code. Ceiling and high quality limits for metals in sludge are specified in s. NR 204.07(5). Requirements for pathogens are specified in s. NR 204.07(6) and in s. NR 204.07 (7) for vector attraction requirements. Limitations for PCBs are addressed in s. NR 204.07(3)(k).

4 Compliance Schedules

4.1 Municipal Land Treatment Management Plan

A management plan is required for the land treatment system.

Required Action		
Land Treatment Management Plan Submittal: Submit an updated management plan for Department approval to optimize the lagoons and land treatment system performance and demonstrate compliance with ch. NR 206, Wis. Adm. Code. The lagoons and land treatment system shall be operated in accordance with the approved management plan. The plan shall clearly outline procedures for the dosing and resting of the seepage cells, including factors used in determining adequate hydraulic loadings; scheduled maintenance; vegetative cover control and removal; monitoring procedures; and operational strategies for periods of adverse weather.	06/30/2022	

4.2 Lagoon Desludging Management Plan

Required Action		
Management Plan Submittal: The permittee shall submit a management plan for approval if removal of the sludge from any lagoon will occur during the term of this permit. At a minimum, the plan shall address how the sludge will be sampled, removed, transported and disposed of. No desludging may occur unless approval of the Department is obtained. Daily logs shall be kept that record where the sludge has been disposed. The plan is due at least ninety days prior to desludging.		

4.3 Landspreading Management Plan

Required Action		
Management Plan Submittal: If the permittee proposes to land apply sludge, a management plan shall be submitted and approved by the Department. The management plan shall be consistent with the requirements of this permit, and s. NR 204.07, Wis. Adm. Code. At a minimum, the plan shall describe how the application rate has been calculated, how pathogen control and vector attraction reduction requirements will be met as well as how the sludge will be land applied and incorporated. Record keeping and tracking of site loadings shall also be described. Requests for landspreading site approvals shall also be included. The plan is due sixty days prior to land spreading.		

Explanation of Compliance Schedules

Compliance schedules were added for management plans for the purposes of having the facility plan and gain department approval for the procedures relating to the land treatment and land application operations.

Special Reporting Requirements

None

Attachments:

Substantial Compliance Determination – NR 140 Groundwater Evaluation Report – September 30, 2019

Proposed Expiration Date:

December 31, 2024

Justification Of Any Waivers From Permit Application Requirements

None

Prepared By:

Sean Spencer – Wastewater Specialist

Date: January 25, 2022

cc: Caitlin O'Connell